## REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing inst

AFRL-SR-BL-TR-01data needed, and completion and reviewing this collection of information. data needed, and completing and reviewing this collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other at this burden to Department of Defense, Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports (0704-01) 4302. Respondents should be aware that notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person shall be subject to any penalty for failing

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valid OMB control number. PLEASE DO NOT RETURN			
1. REPORT DATE (DD-MM-YYYY)	2. REPORT TYPE	OT DATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	
10-10-2001	Final Technical	01-04-2000 - 30-09-2001	
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE		5a. CONTRACT NUMBER	
(U) Apparatus for the Stu	dy of Shock Wave and Detonation		
		5b. GRANT NUMBER	
Interactions with Fuel Sprays		F49620-00-1-0196	
		5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER	
		61103D	
6. AUTHOR(S)	•	5d. PROJECT NUMBER	
		3484	
Ronald K. Hanson		5e. TASK NUMBER	
		US	
		5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER	
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)		8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT	
		NUMBER	
Stanford University			
Mechanical Engineering			
Department			
Stanford CA 94305-3032			
9. SPONSORING / MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)		10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S)	
AFOSR/NA			
801 North Randolph Street			
Room 732		11. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT	
Arlington VA 22203-1977		NUMBER(S)	
-		AID COLOR	
12. DISTRIBUTION / AVAILABILITY STA	TEMENT	AIR FORCE OFFICE OF SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH (AFOSR) HAS DEFINED.	
		NUTICE OF TRANSMITTAL DELO THE SEARCH (AFOSR)	
Approved for public relea	se; distribution is unlimited	INO DEEN REPREMENDANCE THIS I CURNICAL RECORD	
•		LAW AFR 100 to DISCHARD IS APPROVED FOR PUBLIC C	
		HAS BEEN REVIEWED AND IS APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELIGION LAW AFR 190-12. DISTRIBUTION IS UNLIMITED.	
13. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES		ALL HIGH ED.	

### 14. ABSTRACT

15. SUBJECT TERMS

Equipment listed in the report was purchased with \$126,457 DOD funding supplemented by \$14,050 Stanford University cost sharing. It will be used to investigate the interaction of shock waves and detonation waves with fuel sprays.

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### shock waves, detonation waves, fuel sprays 19a. NAME OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON 16. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF: 17. LIMITATION 18. NUMBER OF ABSTRACT **OF PAGES** Julian M. Tishkoff c. THIS PAGE 19b. TELEPHONE NUMBER (include area a. REPORT b. ABSTRACT code) Unclassified Unclassified Unclassified 3 UL(703)696-8478

## Apparatus for the Study of Shock Wave and Detonation Wave Interactions with Fuel Sprays

## **DURIP/Instrumentation Grant Final Technical Report**

# Ronald Hanson Department of Mechanical Engineering Stanford University, Stanford, CA 94305-3032

## **EQUIPMENT ACQUIRED**

The equipment listed in Table 1, Shock/Detonation Wave – Spray Interaction Facility, was purchased with \$126,457 from AFOSR Contract F49620-00-1-0196 and \$14,050 from Stanford University Cost Sharing Accounts. This contract initially extended over the period 04/01/00 to 03/31/01 and was then extended to 09/30/01.

## RESEARCH SUMMARY

There is a critical need by computational fluids modelers for experiments that describe the interaction of well-characterized shock waves with very uniform fuel sprays. This data is needed to guide and validate CFD analyses of air-breathing propulsion systems with these flow elements, such as pulse detonation engines. There are, to our knowledge, no currently operating facilities with the capability to address these fundamental heterogeneous flows using modern optical diagnostics.

The test apparatus purchased will enable investigations of the interaction of shock waves and detonation waves with fuel sprays. The newly acquired shock tube, vacuum support and instrumentation, when used in conjunction with existing diagnostics, will permit the generation of shock waves and detonation waves and their accurate characterization. The real time droplet sizing system will permit accurate quantification of the fuel spray generation process, as well as determination of the post-shockwave spray distribution time history.

Using this new equipment, researchers at Stanford, will now be able to provide details on the attenuation, or growth, of shock waves as they travel through a two-phase flow, details on the spray evaporation time history, and details on the chemical kinetics of the ignition process. This will expand the range of our current studies, as previous experiments in our laboratory have only been able to investigate gas-phase chemistry, and this will expand the available shock tube database from other laboratories, as previous experiments in other laboratories have not concentrated on the production of very uniform fuel sprays in shock tubes.

In addition to the work in Prof. Hanson's group, other researchers in the High Temperature Gasdynamics Laboratory who are working with sprays, including Professors C. Edwards' and T. Bowman's studies sprays in detonations and meso-arrays, will benefit from the availability of the portable state-of-the-art spray sizer, and the experience in optical diagnostics in two-phase flows gained in the shock tube studies.

TABLE 1: Shock/Detonation Wave Spray Interaction Facility

Item	Supplier	Cost (\$)
Spray Interaction Shock Tube		
Shock Tube	Johansing Ironworks	47,652
End mass and windows	HTGL Shops	21,008
Vacuum support including: linear feed through, gate valves, pumps	Kurt J. Lesker, MDC Vacuum, Varian Vacuum	15,614
Instrumentation including: pressure transducer and gauges	Kistler Instruments, McMaster Carr, MKS Instruments	6,553
Droplet Sizer		
Spraytec RTS5114 real time droplet sizing system	Malvern Instruments	49,680
TOTAL		\$140,507